



ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

In compliance with ISO 14025 and EN15804 + A2:2019

HOT ROLLED STEEL REINFORCING STEEL IN BARS AND COILS

Program operator: EPDITALY

Published by: FERRIERE NORD S.p.A.

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Published: 11/12/2019 Updated: 23/12/2022 Valid until: 21/12/2025

Production site: Osoppo (UD) - Italy





General information





EPD DECLARATION OWNER:

FERRIERE NORD S.p.A.
Zona industriale Rivoli di Osoppo
Osoppo (UD), Italy.

PROGRAM OPERATOR:

EPDITALY Via Gaetano de Castillia 10 Milano (MI), Italy.

INDEPENDENT EVALUATION BY:

ICMQ S.p.A.
Via Gaetano de Castillia 10
Milano (MI), Italy.

PLANT LOCATION:

FERRIERE NORD S.p.A. Zona industriale Rivoli di Osoppo Osoppo (UD), Italy.

Company profile





Pittini Group, with more than 60 years of experience in the steel sector, is an international reference in the production of long steel products for mechanical industry and building sector.

With a production of almost 3 million tons per year, 18 manufacturing and logistics facilities and 1,800 workers, Pittini Group is a strong company, focused on constant growth, guided by hi-tech investments, product innovation and a strict environmental sustainability policy (Environmental Management System, ISO 14001-certified since 2009).

Pittini Group covers the whole production cycle: from raw material (recycled ferrous materials) to the finished product, producing billets, wire rod, hot-rolled reinforcing steel bars and coils.



/	A1	Raw material supply	
/	A2	Transport	PRODUCTION STAGE
✓	А3	Manufacturing	
MND	Α4	Transport	CONCERNATION PROCESS
MND	A5	Construction/Installation	CONSTRUCTION PROCESS
MND	B1	Use	
MND	B2	Maintenance	
MND	В3	Repair	
MND	B4	Replacement	USE
MND	B5	Refurbishment	
MND	В6	Operational energy use	
MND	В7	Operational water use	
✓	C1	De-commissioning \ Demolition	
/	C2	Transport	END OF LIFE
/	C3	Waste processing	END OF LIFE
✓	C4	Disposal	
~	D	Reuse \ Recovery \ Recycling potential	BENEFITS AND LOADS BEYOIND THE SYSTEM BOUNDARY

MODULES:

The system modules include the compulsory modules A1, A2, A3, C1, C2, C3, C4 and D as per EN15804 standard, following a "from cradle to gate with modules C1-C4 and D".

EPD TYPE:

Specific for the following hot-rolled products: wire rod, rebar and coiled rebar, produced in Osoppo (UD).

GEOGRAPHICAL LOCATION:

Performances were calculated considering the plant of Osoppo with reference to the national market.

DATABASE: Ecoinvent 3.6

SOFTWARE: SimaPro 9.1

The product: JUMBO® coil



DECLARED UNIT: 1,000 kg of rebar in coils

Pittini's JUMBO® coils combine the benefits of a compact packaging with the homogeneity of their mechanical characteristics, allowing to obtain, after straightening and shaping, planar and homogeneus reinforcement elements. JUMBO® coils offer strength and ductility in compliance with the International Standards' requirements for use in seismic areas.

JUMBO® coils are supplied in an ultra-compact packaging, with diameters ranging from 8 to 25 mm and a weight of 2.5 tons and 5.0 tons. Thanks to its no-twist winding, homogeneous mechanical characteristics are maintained along the whole coil.

JUMBO® coil advantages:

- no waste during further processing;
- space saving during transport and storage;
- adherence index guaranteed to be maintained.

Rebar in coils produced in Osoppo does not contain substances included in the "Candidate list of substances of very high concern (SVHC)"



The product: rebar



DECLARED UNIT: 1,000 kg of rebar

Pittini Group counts on **two rolling mills** producing rebar for reinforced concrete.

At Pittini Group's rolling mills, highly technological plants and a strict control of production processes allow to produce hot-rolled rebars for reinforced concrete with improved adherence, diameters ranging from 8 to 40 mm.

Billets produced in the steel meltshop are rolled by a sequence of rolling strands and are submitted to a **controlled thermal treatment** for the production of **high ductility**, HD, rebar, fundamental property for building in seismic areas. Hot-rolled PITTINI rebar is weldable and complies with the most stringent national and international Standards.



Rebar in coils produced in Osoppo does not contain substances included in the "Candidate list of substances of very high concern (SVHC)"

Main raw materials



Main raw materials used to produce rebar and rebar in coils are:

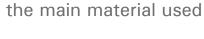


FERROUS METAL SCRAP

PIG IRON



HBI





FERRO-ALLOYS



LIME



COAL



REFRACTORY MATERIALS



DESCRIPTION OF THE PROCESSES INCLUDED:

Transport of material from production sites to Ferriere Nord S.p.a. in Osoppo has been included.

All transports of scrap and raw material from suppliers to the plant in Osoppo are included in the primary-information model. **INVENTORY QUANTITY**, expressed in kgkm, is defined as the product between the mass of the material and the distance covered.

Transport of waste from the plants in Osoppo to the processing plants is included in the model relying on primary data. **Processing of materials** entering Ferriere Nord, **melting and manufacturing processes** to obtain rebar and rebar in coils are included.

- A1 ENERGY AND RAW MATERIAL SUPPLY
- A2 TRANPORT
- A3 MANUFACTURING (WASTE PROCESSING, ANCILLARY MATERIALS, EMISSIONS)



Following the review of the EN 15804 standard, groups C1, C2, C3, C4 and D have been included.

The groups C1-C4 include the impacts associated with the removal of the material from the building in which it is installed, the transport of the waste to the treatment center and the related activities (recycling, treatment ecc.), including the disposal in landfill.

The group D, includes the benefits coming from the outputs of recycling (intended as avoided products) and energy recovery operations.

- C1 DE-CONSTRUCTION/DEMOLITION
- C2 TRANSPORT
- C3 WASTE PROCESSING
- C4 DISPOSAL
- D REUSE-RECOVERY-RECYCLING POTENTIAL





SCRAP
PREPARATION
PROCESSES FOR
FURNACE MELTING
AND RAW MATERIALS
EXTRACTION

Ferrous scrap, pig iron and HBI processing: mechanical treatment of scrap, weighing, storage, basket preparation, handling with overhead cranes and sending to furnace;

Coal and lime processing:

weighing, insufflation and sending to furnace;

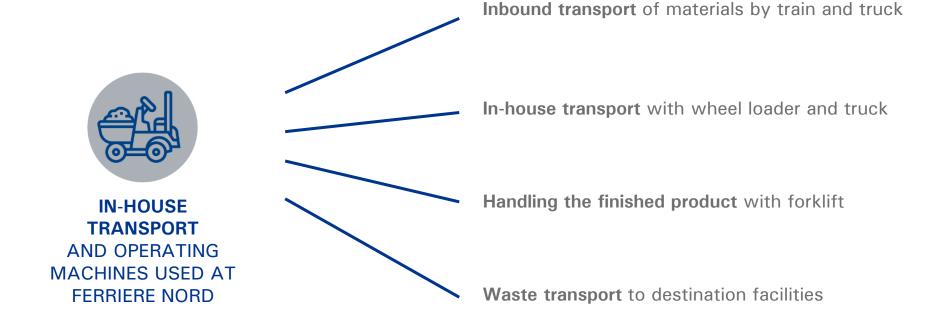
Processing of electrodes and refractories:

weighing and sending to furnace;

Processing ladle slag with iron:

cooling, iron removal, screening, pneumatic transport and injection into furnace.









Melting process:

oxygen production, cooling water recirculation, electric arc furnace melting;

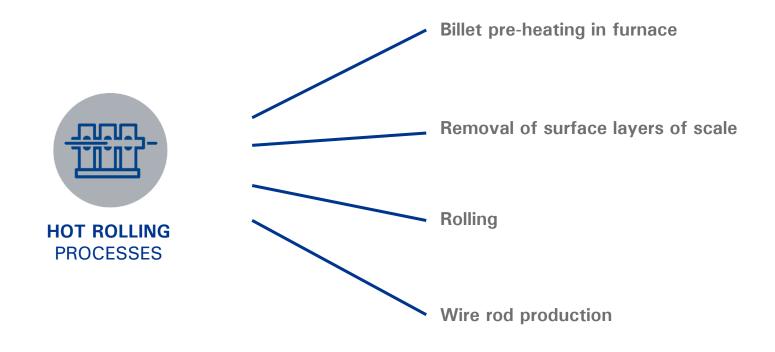
Secondary metallurgy process:

refining and additives addition, ferro-alloys processing (weighing and sending to secondary furnace), ladle preparation and maintenance;

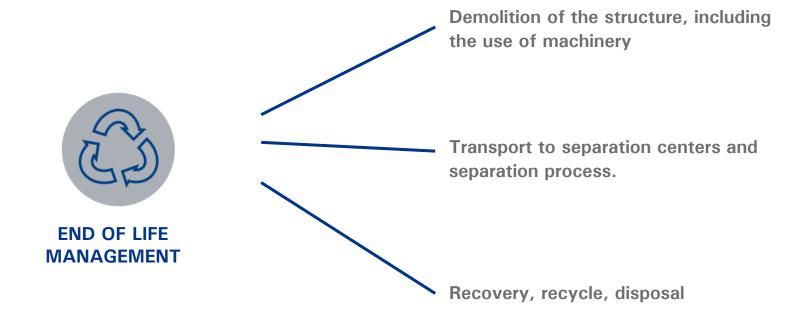
Castng process:

steel casting and billet production, preparation and maintenance of tundishes.

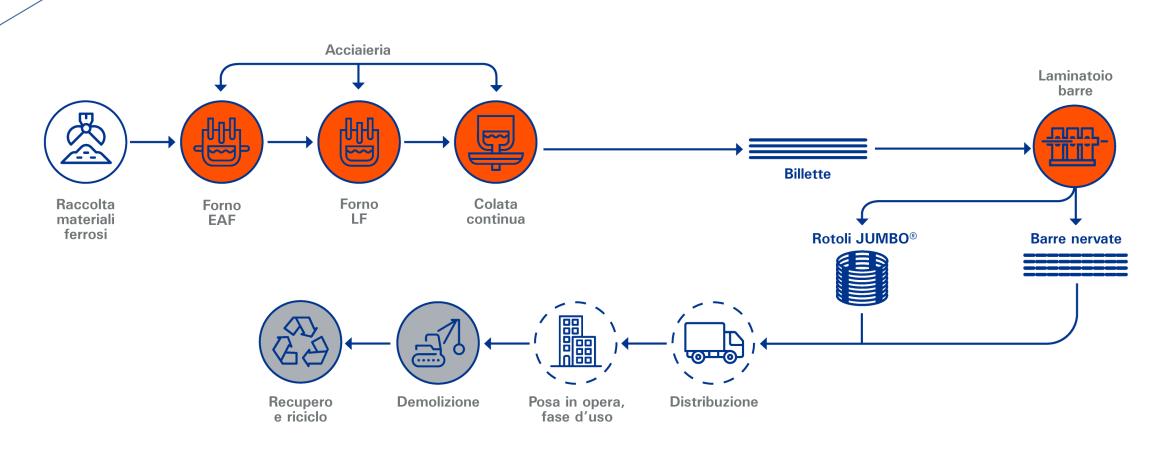












Rebar production process



Data referring to 1,000 kg of Jumbo coils

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT PARAMETERS	UNIT	A 1	A2	А3	A4, A5, B1 ÷ B7	C1	C2	СЗ	C4	D	TOTAL A1÷C4
Climate Change	kg CO2 eq	532,5	40,0	117,0	MND	6,4	16,7	1,7	1,0	-716,5	715,2
Climate Change - Fossil	kg CO2 eq	524,0	39,9	116,8	MND	6,4	16,7	1,6	1,0	-719,7	706,3
Climate Change - Biogenic	kg CO2 eq	8,2843	0,0637	0,1859	MND	0,0018	0,0090	0,0485	0,0009	3,3769	8,5941
Climate Change – LU&T	kg CO2 eq	0,2004	0,0247	0,0031	MND	0,0005	0,0058	0,0036	0,0003	-0,1286	0,2384
Ozone Depletion	Kg CFC11 eq	0,0000961	0,0000081	0,0000009	MND	0,0000014	0,000004	0,0000001	0,0000003	-0,00003	0,0001
Acidification	mol H+ eq	2,603	0,598	0,031	MND	0,067	0,114	0,010	0,007	-3,048	3,428
Eutrophication Aquatic Freshwater	kg P eq	0,14276	0,00556	0,00133	MND	0,00023	0,00122	0,00154	0,00007	-0,26522	0,15272
Eutrophication Aquatic Marine	kg N eq	0,482	0,174	0,027	MND	0,030	0,044	0,002	0,004	-0,641	0,764
Eutrophication Terrestrial	mol N eq	5,35	1,92	0,16	MND	0,32	0,49	0,02	0,03	-6,35	8,29
Photochemical Ozone Formation	kg NMVOC eq	1,578	0,514	0,075	MND	0,089	0,134	0,005	0,008	-3,756	2,403
ADP - Mineral And Metals *	kg Sb eq	0,00252	0,00047	0,00017	MND	0,00001	0,00045	0,00001	0,00002	-0,00096	0,00365
ADP – Fossil *	MJ	9668	580	73	MND	88	254	33	17	-7088	10713
Water Use *	m3 depriv.	144,3	2,4	20,5	MND	0,1	0,7	0,4	0,4	14,5	168,7

^{*} The results of these environmental impact indicators shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experienced with the indicator.



Data referring to 1,000 kg of Jumbo coils

RENEWABLE RESOURCES	UNIT	A 1	A 2	А3	A4, A5, B1 ÷ B7	C1	C2	С3	C4	D	TOTAL A1÷C4
Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials (PERE)	MJ	290,43	11,69	2,72	MND	0,36	2,43	4,25	0,14	-57,83	312,01
Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials (PERM)	MJ	102,43	4,84	1,17	MND	0,12	1,12	1,23	0,06	-55,67	110,98
Total use of renewable primary energy resources (PERT)	MJ	392,86	16,53	3,89	MND	0,48	3,56	5,48	0,20	-113,50	422,99



Data referring to 1,000 kg of Jumbo coils

NON-RENEWABLE RESOURCES	UNIT	A1	A2	А3	A4, A5, B1 ÷ B7	C1	C2	С3	C4	D	TOTAL A1÷C4
Use of non renewable primary energy excluding non renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials (PENRE)	MJ	9419,292	579,933	67,450	MND	88,220	253,574	33,289	17,182	-7088,411	10458,940
Use of non renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials (PENRM)	MJ	248,087	0,000	5,861	MND	0	0	0	0	0	253,948
Total use of non renewable primary energy resources (PENRT)	MJ	9667,334	579,913	73,309	MND	88,220	253,569	33,289	17,182	-7088,340	10712,815



Data referring to 1,000 kg of Jumbo coils

USE OF SECONDARY RAW MATERIALS	UNIT	A1	A2	А3	A4, A5, B1 ÷ B7	C1	C2	СЗ	C4	D	TOTAL A1÷C4
Use of secondary materials (SM)	kg	780	0	0	MND	0	0	0	0	0	780
Use of renewable secondary fuels (RSF)	MJ	0	0	0	MND	0	0	0	0	0	0
Use of non renewable secondary fuels (NRSF)	MJ	0	0	0	MND	0	0	0	0	0	0
USE OF FRESH WATER											
Net use of fresh water (FW)	m3	4,351	0,105	0,442	MND	0,005	0,027	0,027	0,009	-0,013	4,965



Indicators relating to outflows and waste, referring to 1,000 kg of Jumbo coil

WASTE DISPOSAL	UNIT	A 1	A2	А3	A4, A5, B1 ÷ B7	C1	C2	С3	C4	D	TOTAL A1÷C4
Hazardous waste disposed (HWD)	kg	0,05005	0,00111	0,00015	MND	0,00024	0,00066	0,00002	0,00004	-0,07475	0,05227
Non-hazardous waste disposed (NHWD)	kg	66,63	26,02	10,13	MND	0,11	12,04	0,12	51,20	-50,46	166,24
Radioactive waste disposed (RWD)	kg	0,0279	0,0039	0,0004	MND	0,0006	0,0017	0,0002	0,0001	-0,0064	0,0349
Components for re-use (CRU)	kg	0	0	0	MND	0	0	0	0	0	0
Materials for Recycling (MFR)	kg	0,18	0,00	19,35	MND	0,00	0,00	950,00	0,00	0,00	969,53
Materials for Energy Recovery (MER)	kg	0	0	0	MND	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exported Energy (EE)	MJ	0	0	0	MND	0	0	0	0	0	0



Data referring to 1,000 kg of rebar

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT PARAMETERS	UNIT	A1	A2	А3	A4, A5, B1 ÷ B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D	TOTAL A1÷C4
Climate Change	kg CO2 eq	532,5	40,0	117,0	MND	6,4	16,7	1,7	1,0	-716,5	715,2
Climate Change - Fossil	kg CO2 eq	524,0	39,9	116,8	MND	6,4	16,7	1,6	1,0	-719,7	706,3
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Climate Change – LU&T	kg CO2 eq	0,2004	0,0247	0,0031	MND	0,0005	0,0058	0,0036	0,0003	-0,1286	0,2384
Ozone Depletion	kg CFC11 eq	0,000096	0,0000081	0,0000009	MND	0,0000014	0,000004	0,0000001	0,0000003	-0,00003	0,0001
Acidification	mol H+ eq	2,603	0,598	0,031	MND	0,067	0,114	0,010	0,007	-3,048	3,428
Eutrophication Aquatic Freshwater	kg P eq	0,14276	0,00556	0,00133	MND	0,00023	0,00122	0,00154	0,00007	-0,26522	0,15272
Eutrophication Aquatic Marine	kg N eq	0,482	0,174	0,027	MND	0,030	0,044	0,002	0,004	-0,641	0,764
Eutrophication Terrestrial	mol N eq	5,35	1,92	0,16	MND	0,32	0,49	0,02	0,03	-6,35	8,29
Photochemical Ozone Formation	kg NMVOC eq	1,578	0,514	0,075	MND	0,089	0,134	0,005	0,008	-3,756	2,403
ADP - Mineral And Metals *	kg Sb eq	0,00252	0,00047	0,00017	MND	0,00001	0,00045	0,00001	0,00002	-0,00096	0,00365
ADP – Fossil *	MJ	9668	580	73	MND	88	254	33	17	-7088	10713
Water Use *	m3 depriv.	144,3	2,4	20,5	MND	0,1	0,7	0,4	0,4	14,5	168,7

MND = Module Not Declared (Modulo non incluso)

^{*} The results of these environmental impact indicators shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experienced with the indicator.



Data referring to 1,000 kg of rebar

RENEWABLE RESOURCES	UNIT	A1	A2	А3	A4, A5, B1 ÷ B7	C1	C2	С3	C4	D	TOTAL A1÷C4
Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials (PERE)	MJ	290,43	11,69	1,67	MND	0,36	2,43	4,25	0,13	-57,83	310,96
Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials (PERM)	MJ	102,43	4,84	-0,23	MND	0,12	1,12	1,23	0,06	-55,67	109,57
Total use of renewable primary energy resources (PERT)	MJ	392,86	16,53	1,45	MND	0,48	3,55	5,48	0,19	-113,50	420,54



Data referring to 1,000 kg of rebar

NON-RENEWABLE RESOURCES	UNIT	A1	A2	А3	A4, A5, B1 ÷ B7	C1	C2	С3	C4	D	TOTAL A1÷C4
Use of non renewable primary energy excluding non renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials (PENRE)	MJ	9419,292	579,933	67,450	MND	88,220	253,574	33,289	17,182	-7088,411	10443,927
Use of non renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials (PENRM)	MJ	248,087	0,000	5,861	MND	0	0	0	0	0	253,948
Total use of non renewable primary energy resources (PENRT)	MJ	9667,334	579,913	73,309	MND	88,220	253,569	33,289	17,182	-7088,340	10697,803



Data referring to 1,000 kg of rebar

USE OF SECONDARY RAW MATERIALS	UNIT	A1	A2	А3	A4, A5, B1 ÷ B7	C1	C2	СЗ	C4	D	TOTAL A1÷C4
Use of secondary materials (SM)	kg	780	0	0	MND	0	0	0	0	0	780
Use of renewable secondary fuels (RSF)	MJ	0	0	0	MND	0	0	0	0	0	0
Use of non renewable secondary fuels (NRSF)	MJ	0	0	0	MND	0	0	0	0	0	0
USE OF FRESH WATER											
Net use of fresh water (FW)	m3	4,351	0,105	0,419	MND	0,005	0,026	0,027	0,009	-0,013	4,942



Indicators relating to outflows and waste, referring to 1,000 kg of rebar

WASTE DISPOSAL	UNIT	A1	A2	А3	A4, A5, B1 ÷ B7	C1	C2	С3	C4	D	TOTAL A1÷C4
Hazardous waste disposed (HWD)	kg	0,05005	0,001	0,00013	MND	0,00024	0,00066	0,00002	0,00004	-0,075	0,05225
Non-hazardous waste disposed (NHWD)	kg	66,63	26,02	9,86	MND	0,11	12,03	0,12	50,44	-50,46	165,19
Radioactive waste disposed (RWD)	kg	0,0279	0,0039	0,0004	MND	0,0006	0,0017	0,0002	0,0001	-0,006	0,0348
Components for re-use (CRU)	kg	0	0	0	MND	0	0	0	0	0	0
Materials for Recycling (MFR)	kg	0,18	0,00	19,35	MND	0,00	0,00	950,00	0,00	0,00	969,53
Materials for Energy Recovery (MER)	kg	0	0	0	MND	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exported Energy (EE)	MJ	0	0	0	MND	0	0	0	0	0	0

Calculation rules



DECLARED UNIT: 1,000 kg of Jumbo coils/rebar

ASSUMPTIONS: System boundaries include the compulsory modules A1, A2, A3, C1, C2, C3, C4 and D as required by EN 15804 Standard, according to a "from cradle to gate with modules C1-C4 and D" approach. It should be noted that building, maintenance and decommissioning of the infrastructures - intended as buildings - and use of industrial ground, were not taken into consideration, because their contribution to environmental impact relating to the declared unit is deemed negligible. Consumption of oils, detergents and other technical materials for machine maintenance, energy consumption for plant lighting, energy consumption for office activities related to the management of the steel mill are included. Moreover, it should be noted that product distribution, use and disposal phases are not included in this study.

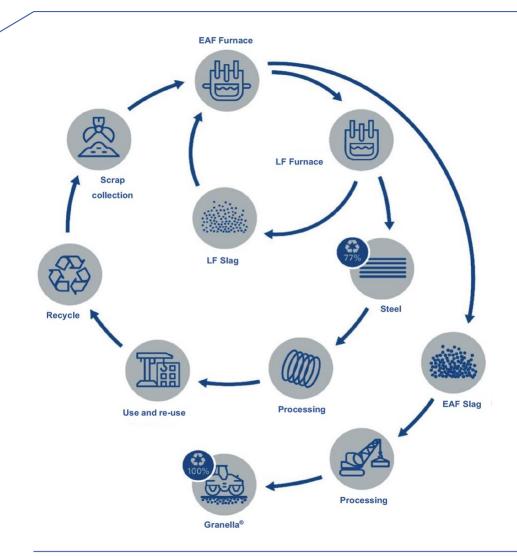
CUT-OFF RULES: The criterion chosen for the initial inclusion of the inbound and outbound elements, takes into account a 1% cut-off level, both in terms of mass, energy and environmental relevance. This means that a process was neglected if responsible of less than 1% of the total amount of mass, primary energy and total impact. However, all processes for which data are available were taken into account, even though with a contribution less than 1%. As a consequence, this threshold value was used in order to avoid collecting unknown data, not with the purpose of neglecting available data.

DATA QUALITY: in the LCA study, particular relevance was given to primary data collected at Ferriere Nord S.p.A. and Demolizioni Industriali S.r.I. through extensive measurements carried out at the plants.

ALLOCATIONS: allocation was avoided, whenever possible, by dividing the system into sub-systems. Otherwise, economic allocation was applied. As for waste modeling, the "Polluter pays principle" was applied

Additional information





Since 1995, the Pittini Group has chosen a "Zero Waste", production approach - a virtuous example of circular economy.

Zero Waste means that, at Pittini Group, steel production must not create waste. Instead, waste material is transformed in order to cut on unnecessary consumption and create opportunities of new uses.

Some great examples of circular economy are: **Granella**®, product obtained from EAF slag, residue with highest amount, that is used for the production of asphalt pavements and concrete conglomerates as an alternative to natural aggregates; Ladle furnace slag, which is later reintroduced in the production process as a substitute for lime; Dust coming from fume filtering, from which zinc and other metals are extracted; and Rolling mill scale, which is used in the production of concrete and counterweights in the household appliance industry.

References





- ISO 14040:2006/Amd 1:2020 Environmental management Life cycle assessment Principles and framework
- ISO 14044:2006/Amd 2:2020 Environmental management Life cycle assessment Requirements and guidelines Amendment 1
- ISO 14020:2000 Environmental labels and declarations
 -- General principles
- EN 15804:2012 + A2:2019 Sustainability of construction works – Environmental product declarations – Core rules for the product category of construction works
- PD CEN/TR 16970:2016 Sustainability of construction works Guidance for the implementation of EN 15804
- PD CEN/TR 15941:2010 Sustainability of construction works – Environmental Product Declarations – Methodology for selection and use of generic data.
- ICMQ-001/15 PCR for construction products rev.3
- EPDItaly Regulation v.5

General information





Environmental declarations published within the same product category, but belonging to different programs, might not be comparable.

Specifically, EPDs regarding products for the building sector may not be comparable if not compliant with the EN 15804 standard.

REFERENCE DOCUMENTS: This declaration was drafted following EDPItaly's General Programme Instruction, available on www.epditaly.it.

ICMQ-001/15 PCR for construction products rev.3

CPC CODE: 4124

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Padua (Italy)

INDEPENDENT VERIFICATION OF DECLARATION AND DATA CARRIED OUT ACCORDING TO ISO 14025

☐ EPD Process certification (Internal)